



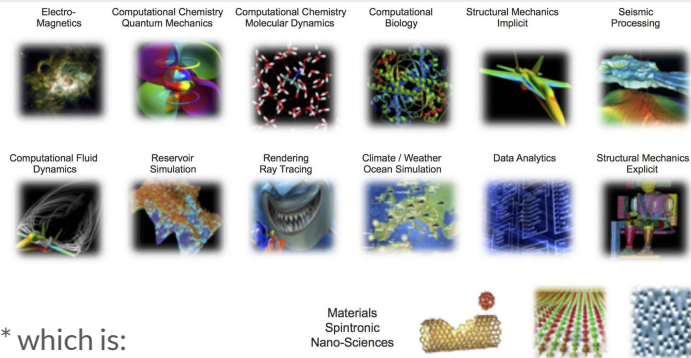
Cloud & HPC Resource Allocations for Research Projects and External Partners

High Performance
Computing &
Big Data Services



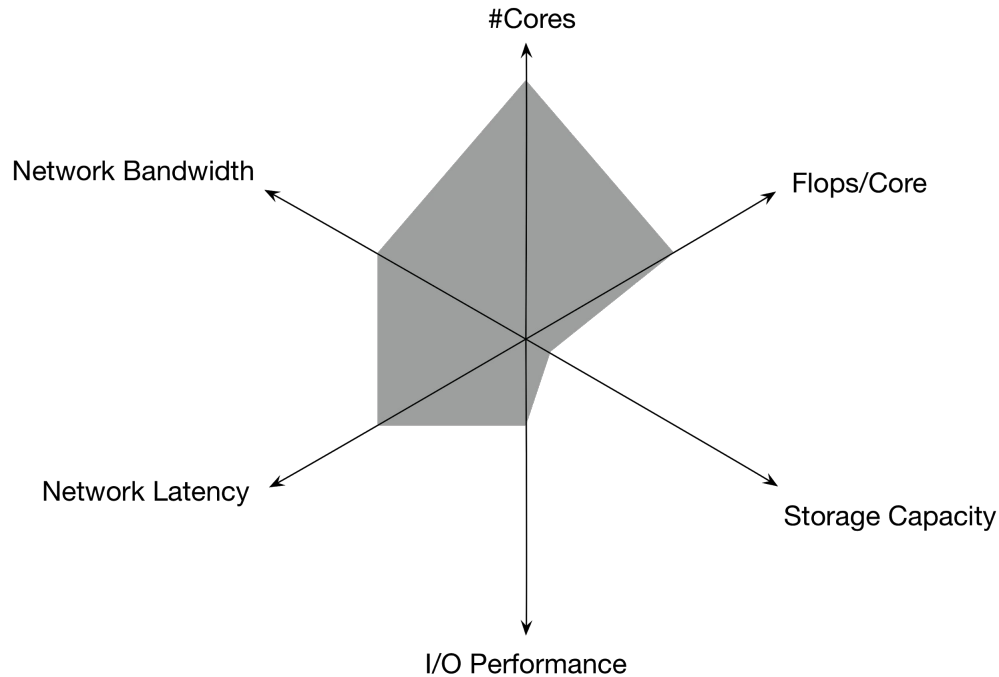
HPC, BD & Cloud Computing

- HPC: High Performance Computing - BD: Big Data
- Cloud Computing:
 - Network access to a shared pool of configurable computing resources* which is:
 - Ubiquitous, Convenient, On-demand
- All scientific disciplines are becoming **computational** today
 - Modern scientific discovery requires very high computing power and handles huge volumes of data
 - cf. J. Rifkin report: “[3rd Industrial Revolution Strategy for the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg](#)”
 - Research Projects, Industry and SMEs are increasingly relying on the computing resources...
 - ... to invent innovative solutions while reducing cost and decreasing time to market
- HPC, BD & Cloud Computing: Essential tools for Research, Science, Society and Industry



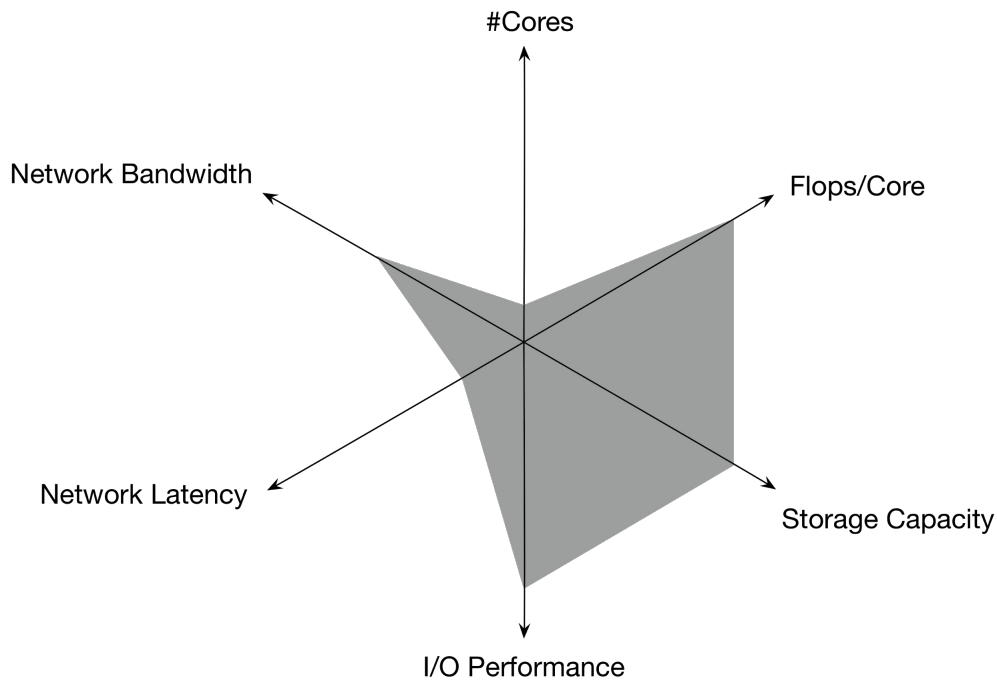
Different Needs for Different Domains

Material Science & Engineering



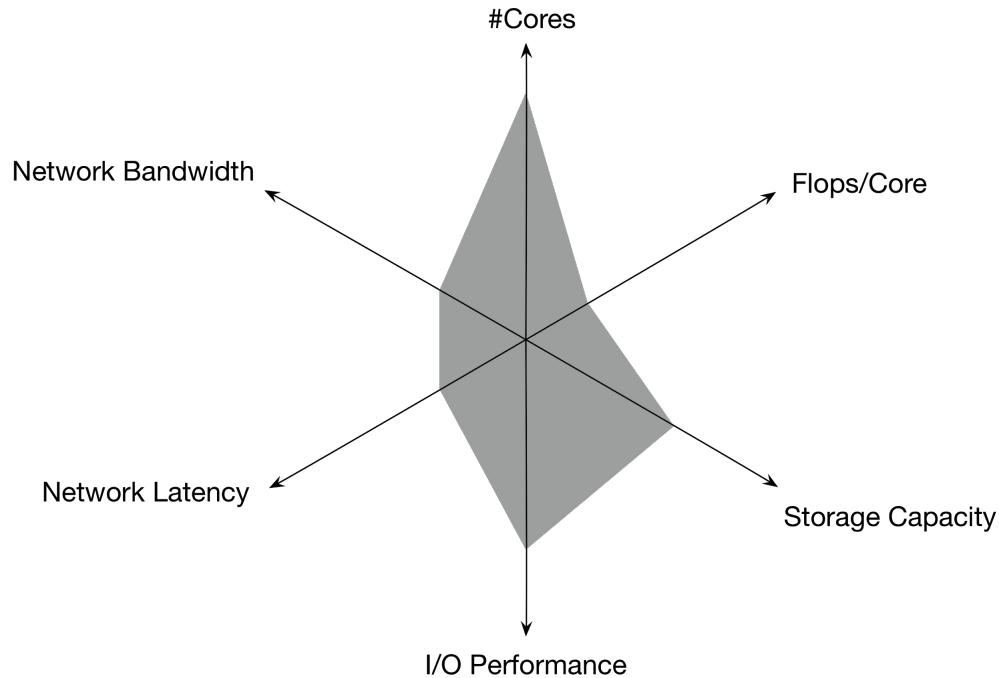
Different Needs for Different Domains

Biomedical Industry / Life Sciences

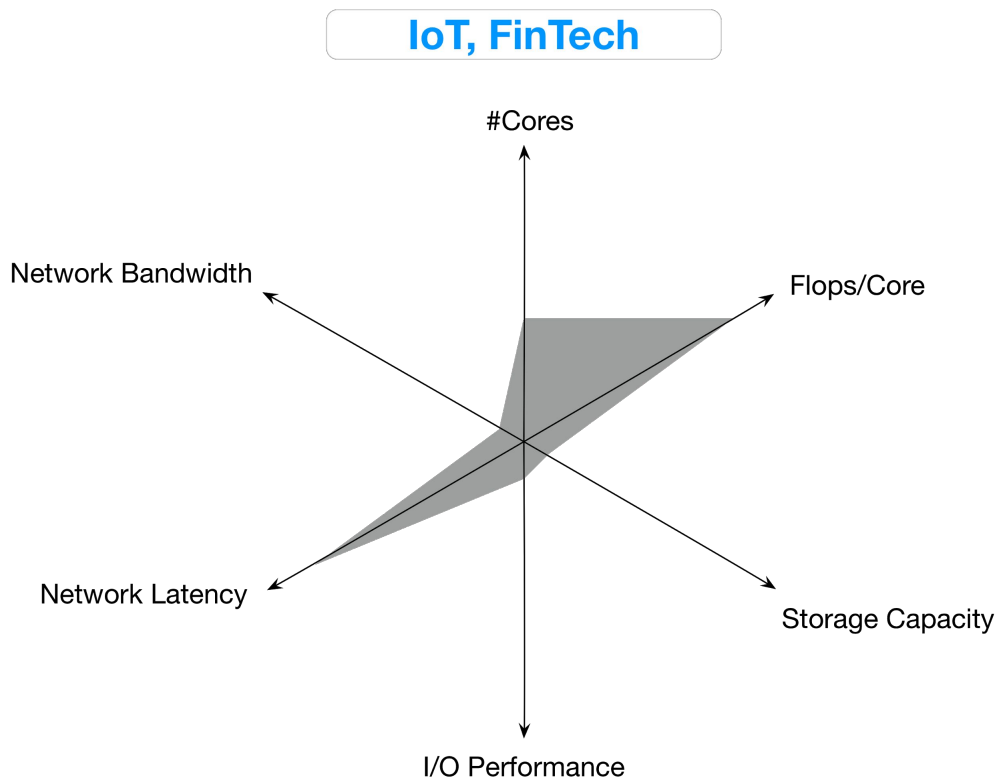


Different Needs for Different Domains

Deep Learning / Cognitive Computing

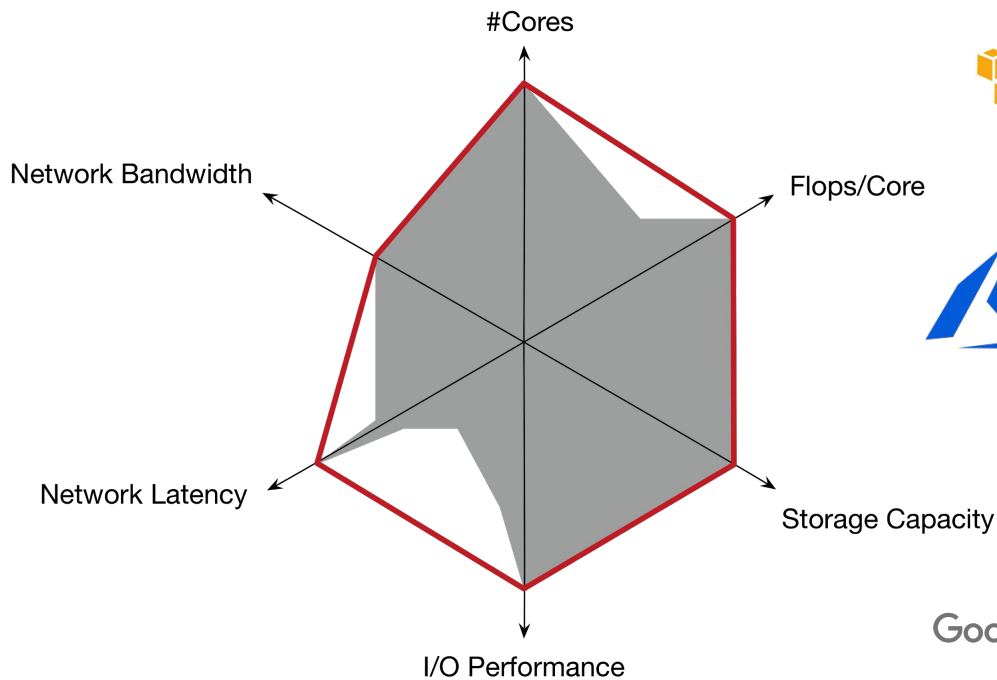


Different Needs for Different Domains



Different Needs for Different Domains

ALL Research Computing Domains



High Performance
Computing &
Big Data Services



Cloud Computing Resource Allocation (Job)

1. Select instance type of computing resource

Cloud Instance Types



Entry Level



A-Series



T2



n1-standard

General Purpose

D-Series

M5

n1-standard

Compute Optimized

F-Series

C5

n1-highcpu

Memory Optimized

E-Series

X1e

n1-highmem

Storage Optimized

L-Series

I3

*Can attach SSDs to VMs

GPU Enabled

N-Series

G3

*Can attach GPUs to VMs

Cloud Computing Resource Allocation (Job)

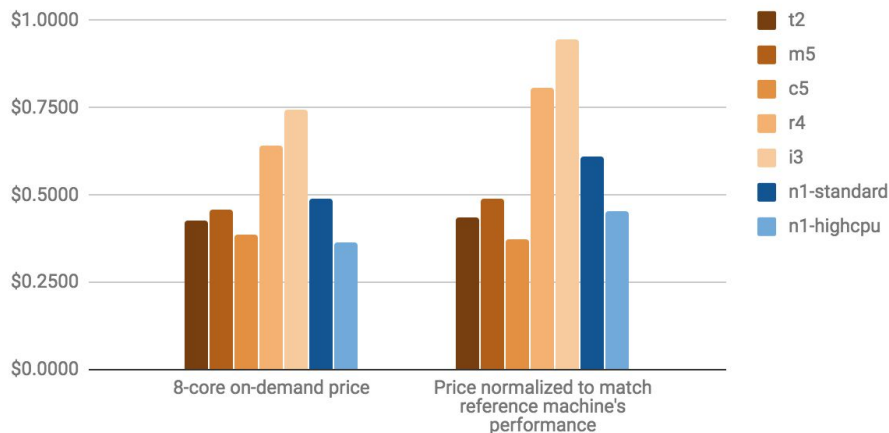
2. Select number of resources, deploy and use
3. Pay depending on instance type and run time
 - Charged per hour of (vCPU and Memory usage) or (VM uptime) depending on Provider
 - Subject to service availability

ON DEMAND AZURE VS AWS PRICING

LINUX OS (AUGUST 2018)

TYPE	vCPU	MEM.	AZURE	AWS
General Purpose	2	8GB	\$0.0840	\$0.0928
	4	16GB	\$0.1670	\$0.1856
	8	32GB	\$0.3350	\$0.3712
Compute Optimized	2	4GB	\$0.0850	\$0.0850
	4	8GB	\$0.1690	\$0.1700
	8	16GB	\$0.3380	\$0.3400
Memory Optimized	2	16GB	\$0.1330	\$0.1330
	4	32GB	\$0.2660	\$0.2660
	8	64GB	\$0.5320	\$0.5320

On-demand instance prices in Frankfurt region, per hour

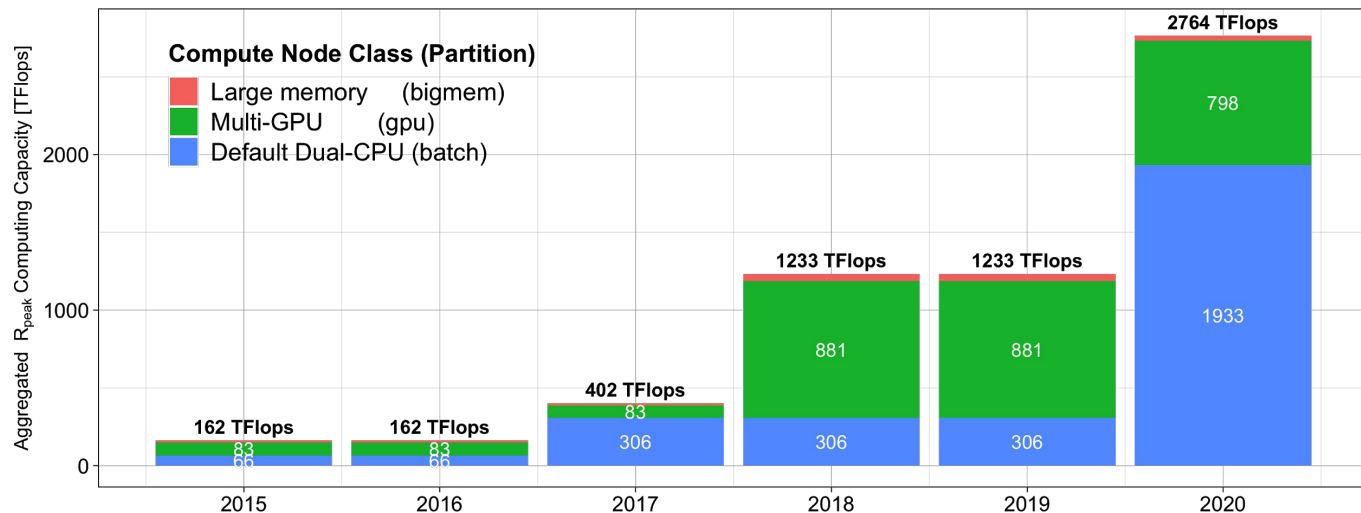


HPC Facility @ Uni.lu

- 3 types of computing resources:
 - “regular” nodes: Dual CPU, no accelerators, 128 to 256 GB of RAM
 - “gpu” nodes: Dual CPU, 4 Nvidia accelerators, 768 GB RAM
 - “bigmem” nodes: Quad-CPU, no accelerators, 3072 GB RAM



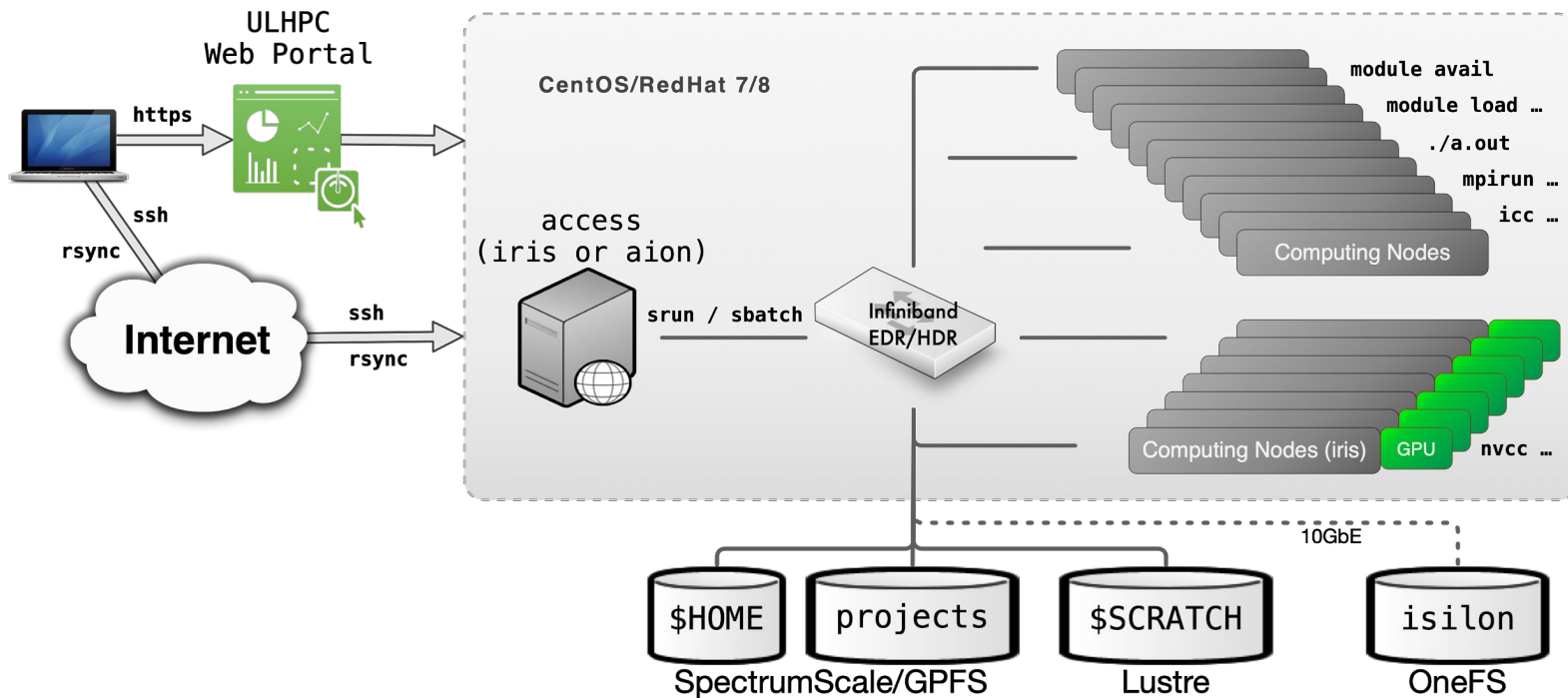
Evolution of the UL HPC Compute Capacity



High Performance
Computing &
Big Data Services



HPC Resource Allocation (Job)



HPC Resource Allocation and Billing (Job)

1. Select instance type of computing resource
2. Select number of resources (computing nodes/cores/memory/GPUs), reserve and use
3. Pay depending on resource & run time: $N_{Nodes} \times [\alpha_{cpu} \times N_{cores} + \alpha_{mem} \times Mem + \alpha_{GPU} \times N_{gpus}] \times T_{exec}$
 - a. Charged per hour of (vCPU and Memory and GPU usage)
 - b. Subject to service availability

Cluster	Type of node	Partition / Usage	#Cores per node	CPU	α_{cpu}	α_{mem}	α_{GPU}
<i>Iris, Aion</i>	regular	interactive	28/128	n/a	0	0	0
<i>Iris</i>	regular	batch, long	28	broadwell	1.0*	1/4 = 0,25	0
<i>Iris</i>	regular	batch, long	28	skylake	1.0	1/4 = 0,25	0
<i>Iris</i>	gpu	GPU	28	skylake	1.0	1/27 \approx 0,037	50,0
<i>Iris</i>	bigmem	Large-memory	112	skylake	1.0	1/27 \approx 0,037	0
<i>Aion</i>	regular	batch, long	128	epyc	0,57	1/1.75 \approx 0,57	0

Examples of Billing Usage

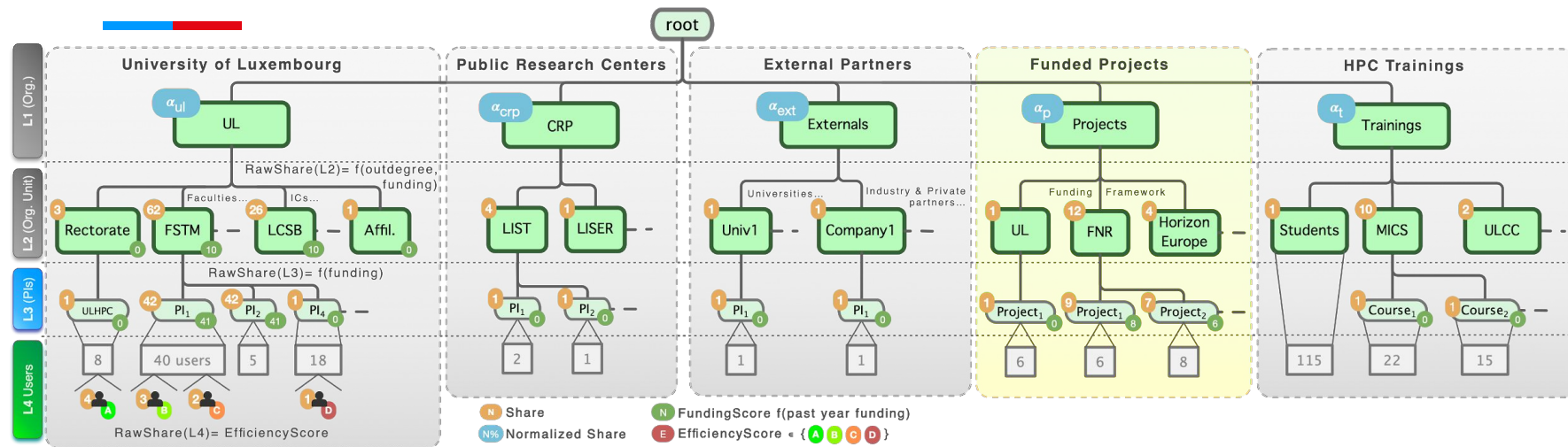
- Continuous use of **2 regular skylake nodes (56 cores, 224GB Memory)** on *iris* cluster
 - 28 cores per node, 4 GigaByte RAM per core i.e., 112GB per node
 - For 30 days: $2 \text{ nodes} * [(\alpha_{\text{cpu}} + \alpha_{\text{mem}} \times 4) \times 28 \text{ cores}] * 30\text{days} * 24\text{hours} = 80640 \text{ SU} = \underline{2419.2\text{€ VAT excluded}}$
- Continuous use of **2 regular epyc nodes (256 cores, 448GB Memory)** on *aion* cluster
 - 128 cores per node, 1,75 GigaByte RAM per core i.e., 224 GB per node
 - For 30 days: $2 \text{ nodes} * [(\alpha_{\text{cpu}} + \alpha_{\text{mem}} \times 1,75) \times 128 \text{ cores}] * 30\text{days} * 24\text{hours} = 289382,4 \text{ SU} = \underline{8681.47\text{€ HT}}$
- Continuous use of **1 GPU nodes (28 cores, 4 GPUs, 756GB Memory)** on *iris* cluster
 - 28 cores per node, 4 GPUs per nodes, 27 GigaByte RAM per core, 756 GB per node
 - For 30 days: $1 \text{ node} * [(\alpha_{\text{cpu}} + \alpha_{\text{mem}} * 27) \times 28 \text{ cores} + \alpha_{\text{GPU}} * 4 \text{ GPUs}] * 30\text{days} * 24\text{h} = 184320 \text{ SU} = \underline{5529,6\text{€ HT}}$

*For the provisioning: If the project PI is not able to anticipate the type and amount of resources needed, **we suggest to provision 5529,60€ for every 12 PM of funded personnel** (i.e., 1 month of continuous usage on the most expensive type of resource).*

In particular, by default:

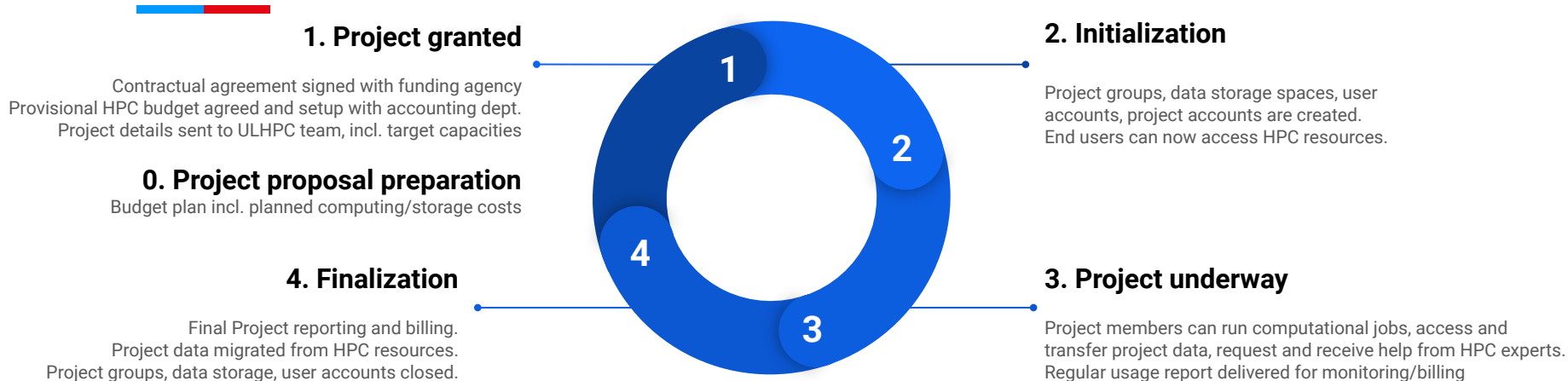
- ❑ **Budget for 1 funded PhD student (36+12PM): 22118,4€**
- ❑ **Budget for 1 funded PostDoc (24PM): 11059,2€**

Project Allocations, Accounting and Reporting



- UL HPC **compute time** accounted for each allocated resource and instance type
 - Project compute time allocations under the billing model presented previously
 - Easy reporting, per Project, End user; for any time interval with an **exact** usage reported
 - End user task scheduling under fair-share
- UL HPC **data storage** allocated in TB/month
 - Allocation done/increased on request - Default capacity (1TB) for project data free of charge
- UL HPC **expert time** allocated in pools of 4h (Default UL expert rate)

Project Workflow & End User-view



HPC compute time allocation accessible by project members by selecting the project-specific account:

```
srun/sbatch --account PROJECT_NAME [...]
```

HPC data storage spaces under project-specific path, accessible by project members:

```
/work/projects/PROJECT_NAME
```

Compute time billing can be reported on at any time and for any time interval:

```
sreport -T billing -t hours cluster AccountUtilizationByUser Accounts=PROJECT_NAME Start=2021-01-01 End=2021-12-31
```

Data storage space live allocation and utilization can be reported at any time: `df-ulhpc [-i]`