

Uni.lu HPC School 2020

Keynote: User environment and data management

Uni.lu High Performance Computing (HPC) Team

S. Peter

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http://hpc.uni.lu





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Latest versions available on Github:



UL HPC tutorials: UL HPC School: Keynote tutorial sources:

https://github.com/ULHPC/tutorials

http://hpc.uni.lu/hpc-school/

ulhpc-tutorials.rtfd.io/en/latest/





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Summary



Data storage [Big] Data components in HPC Shared Storage on UL HPC User environment Quotas Backup

3 Data organisation and management File organisation and naming Version control with Git

Data security GDPR and data secu Encryption

Passwords



Motivation

• HPC = high performance **computing**



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- But computing needs input and produces output
- Both input and output might be very valuable





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- There is also code that describes how to get from input to output
- Data and code need to be kept save and protected from unauthorized access





Motivation

- HPC = high performance computing
- But computing needs input and produces output
- Both input and output might be very valuable
- There is also code that describes how to get from input to output
- Data and code need to be kept save and protected from unauthorized access
- Additional requirement: reproducibility





Data management definition

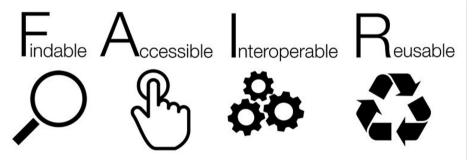
"Research data management (RDM) concerns the organisation of data, from its entry to the research cycle through to the dissemination and archiving of valuable results. It aims to ensure reliable verification of results, and permits new and innovative research built on existing information."

Whyte, A., Tedds, J. (2011). 'Making the Case for Research Data Management'. DCC Briefing Papers.





FAIR data



Wilkinson M, Dumontier M et al. Nature Scientific Data 2016. "The FAIR Guiding Principles for scientific data management and stewardship"



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Questions

- Data storage:
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Where can I store my data on the HPC?
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ What are the differences between the storage options?
 - $\, \hookrightarrow \, \text{ How safe is my data?}$
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ What restrictions do I have in terms of storage?





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- Data organisation/management:
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ How can I keep my files organised?
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ How can I keep my code organised?





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 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ What restrictions do I have in terms of storage?
- Data organisation/management:
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ How can I keep my files organised?
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ How can I keep my code organised?
- Data security:
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ How should I deal with sensitive/personal data on the HPC?
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ How can I protect my data from unauthorized access?
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ How can I encrypt data on the HPC?
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ What passwords should I use and how should I store them?







- Provide an overview of the storage options at UL HPC.
- Explain quotas, how to check them and what the default settings are.
- Provide information on what data is backed up, where and how long backups are retained.
- Give guidance on data management, file organisation and naming.
- Briefly introduce version control with git and it's benefits.
- Provide information on where **personal or sensitive data** is handled on the UL HPC and give recommendations how it can be secured.
- Introduce different file encryption options available on the UL HPC clusters.
- Explain which **passwords** are secure and how they can be stored.





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[Big]Data Management: FS Summary

- File System (FS): Logical manner to store, organize & access data
 - $\hookrightarrow (local) Disk FS: FAT32, NTFS, HFS+, ext4, {x,z,btr}fs...$
 - \hookrightarrow Networked FS:
 - \hookrightarrow Parallel/Distributed FS:
 - ✓ typical FS for HPC / HTC (High Throughput Computing)



NFS. CIFS/SMB. AFP

SpectrumScale/GPFS. Lustre



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NFS, CIFS/SMB, AFP SpectrumScale/GPFS, Lustre

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Main Characteristic of Parallel/Distributed File Systems

Capacity and Performance increase with #servers



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Main Characteristic of Parallel/Distributed File Systems

Capacity and Performance increase with #servers

Name	Туре	Read* [GB/s]	Write* [GB/s]
ext4	Disk FS	0.426	0.212
nfs	Networked FS	0.381	0.090
gpfs (iris/aion)	Parallel/Distributed FS	11.25	9,46
lustre (iris/aion)	Parallel/Distributed FS	12.88	10,07
of Laxembourg)			Uni.iu



SpectrumScale/GPFS. Lustre

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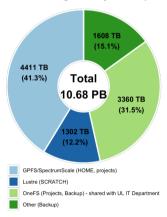
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UL HPC Storage Systems

UL HPC Storage FileSystems (2020)









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11 / 47

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Understanding Your Storage Options

Where can I store and manipulate my data?	
• Shared storage	
\hookrightarrow NFS - not scalable $\sim \simeq 1.5$ GB/s (R)	$\mathcal{O}(100 \text{ TB})$
\hookrightarrow GPFS - scalable ~~ \simeq 10 GB/s (R)	$\mathcal{O}(1 \; PB)$
\hookrightarrow Lustre - scalable $\sim\sim$ 5 GB/s (R)	O(0.5 PB)
Local storage	
\hookrightarrow local file system (/tmp)	$\mathcal{O}(200 \text{ GB})$
$\checkmark~$ over HDD $\simeq 100~$ MB/s, over SDD $\simeq 400~$ MB/s	
\hookrightarrow RAM (/dev/shm) \simeq 30 GB/s (R)	$\mathcal{O}(20 \text{ GB})$
• Distributed storage	
\hookrightarrow HDFS, Ceph, GlusterFS - scalable $\sim\sim \simeq 1$ GB/s	

\Rightarrow In all cases: small I/Os really kill storage performances

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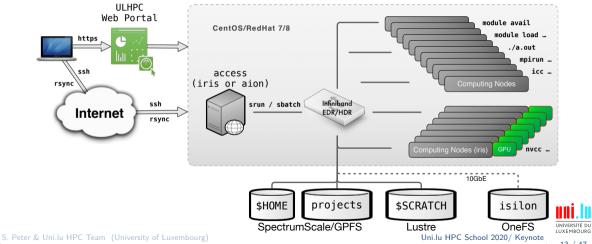


Data storage

12 / 47



Compute Nodes Environment





Where is what

Directory	Env variable	Filesystem
/home/users	\$HOME	SpectrumScale
/work/projects	-	SpectrumScale
/scratch/users	\$SCRATCH	Lustre
/mnt/isilon/projects	-	OneFS

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14 / 47



How to use

Directory	Usage
/home/users	personal space, software & packages
/work/projects	shared project storage
/scratch/users	intermediate fast storage, work here
/mnt/isilon/projects	archival storage, do \mathbf{not} use for processing



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Check file size quota with

df-ulhpc

Check inode quota with

df-ulhpc -i



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Checking disk usage

Check free space on all file systems with

df -h

Check free space on current file system with

df $\neg h$.

To see what directories are using your disk space:

ncdu



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Soft quota, hard quota and grace period

- Once you reach the **soft quota** you can still write data until the **grace period** expires (7 days) or you reach the **hard quota**.
- After you reach the end of the grace period or the hard quota, you have to reduce your usage to below the soft quota to be able to write data again.





Default quotas

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Directory	size quota	inode quota
\$HOME	500 GB	1,000,000
\$SCRATCH	10 TB	1,000,000
/work/projects/	16 MB	-
/mnt/isilon/projects/	1.14 PB globally	-



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Remarks

Isilon quota almost reached

- Global quota for all HPC users.
- Try to clean-up /mnt/isilon/projects/...

Quota for clusterusers group in project directories is $\boldsymbol{0}$

- Make sure the *setgid* bit is set on all folders in the project directories
 - Transfer files without preserving group

chmod g+s

rsync --no-p --no-g



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Backup: Iris

• \$HOME

- $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ daily backup to another server in the same data center
- $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ retention: last 7 daily backups, at least one per month for the last 2 months

• /work/projects

- $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ daily backup to another server in the same data center
- \hookrightarrow retention: one backup per week of the backup directory (\$PR0JECT/backup/) for at least 1 week







- /mnt/isilon/projects
- weekly snapshot
- retention: only one snapshot kept
- no true backup, because it's on the same system



22 / 47





- NO backup in \$SCRATCH (/scratch or /tmp) directories
- Clean-up: files in \$SCRATCH older than 60 days are removed every month
- Clean-up: files in /tmp on compute nodes are removed at the end of the job







Data organisation and management

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Guidelines for raw data

- Collect and store metadata, e.g. in README files that accompany data
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Minimal metadata describing what is the data and how it got there:
 - 🗸 Title
 - $\checkmark~$ Date of creation/receipt
 - 🗸 Data origin
 - Version of the data
 - ✓ Data owner/responsible
 - Data structure
 - \checkmark How was the data downloaded
- Generate checksums for raw/source data, e.g. with md5sum
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Before and after data transfer
 - $\, \hookrightarrow \, \, \mathsf{Before} \, \, \mathsf{archival} \,$







Make raw data read-only!



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26 / 47







3 main principles

- Machine readable
- Human readable
- Plays well with default ordering

Sources and further reading:

- Jenny Brian's talk on "Naming things" from Reproducible Science Workshop, Duke, 2015
- Kristin Briney's file naming convention worksheet. Caltech Library, 2020



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Date format

Use date in standard format ISO8601 (YYYY-MM-DD)

PUBLIC SERVICE ANNOUNCEMENT:

OUR DIFFERENT WAYS OF WRITING DATES AS NUMBERS CAN LEAD TO ONLINE. CONFUSION. THAT'S WHY IN 1988 ISO SET A GLOBAL STANDARD NUMERIC DATE FORMAT.

THIS IS THE CORRECT WAY TO WRITE NUMERIC DATES:

2013-02-27

THE FOLLOWING FORMATS ARE THEREFORE DISCOURAGED:

image source: XKCD







- "Backup" for your code
- Keep track of your processing / analysis history
- Benefits (from Atlassian):
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ complete long-term change history of every file
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ branching and merging
 - $\hookrightarrow \ {\sf traceability}$
- Important for reproducibility and GDPR compliance





Data organisation and management

Gitlab.uni.lu

- Local GitLab instance hosted by HPC
 - $\hookrightarrow \ \ \mathsf{Alternative to (reference) \ GitHub/BitBucket \ for \ \ \mathbf{self-hosted \ private/public \ projects}}$
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Manage groups, users, SSH keys and ${\it (of \ course)}$ Git repositories
 - \hookrightarrow Project management (issue tracker, milestones, documentation)
 - $\, \hookrightarrow \, \mbox{ Continuous Integration } \,$
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ As many private repositories as you want!

• Data stays within UL

- Access for external collaborators with GitHub accounts
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Blocked by default \rightarrow provide us details to unblock
 - \hookrightarrow Hint: use professional logins for your professional usage on GitHub





Getting started with git

- Many IDEs have git integration
- Learning git:
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ tutorial: Software Carpentry: Version Control with Git
 - \hookrightarrow https://git-scm.com/

Additional resources

- \hookrightarrow tutorial: IT/Dev[op]s Army Knives Tools for the Researcher
- $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ tutorial: Reproducible Research at the Cloud Era



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GDPR and UL HPC

- EU General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ replaces the Data Protection Directive 95/46/EC
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ legislation came into effect May 25th 2018

• The UL HPC facility handles both:

- \hookrightarrow data about people (facility users identification details)
 - ✓ ULHPC Identity Management (IdM) system
 - \checkmark Account request form results
- $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ large scale data that may contain Personally Identifiable Info
 - $\checkmark\,$ stored by facility users in networked, parallel & distributed filesystems used across the HPC infrastructure
 - $\checkmark\,$ can be considered as falling under GDPR regulations.



www.eugdpr.org





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GDPR and UL HPC

• Personal data is/may be visible, accessible or handled:

- $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ directly on the HPC clusters
- \hookrightarrow through Resource and Job Management System (RJMS) tools
 - \checkmark glue for a parallel computer to execute parallel jobs
 - $\checkmark~$ Goal: satisfy users demands for computation
 - $\checkmark~$ comes with web interfaces
- $\hookrightarrow \ \text{through service portals}$
- $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ on code management portals
- $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ on secondary storage systems

Monika, Ganttchart Open OnDemand GitLab, GitHub DropIT, OwnCloud





Best practices for you

General

- Data (pseudo-) anonymisation
- Data minimisation
- Data partitioning



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Best practices for you

General (continued)

- Secure laptop
 - \hookrightarrow Enable FileVault / disk encryption
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Lock your screen when you leave your place
 - $\, \hookrightarrow \, \, \mathsf{Apply \, security \, updates} \,$
 - $\, \hookrightarrow \, \mathsf{Anti-virus} \ / \ \mathsf{anti-malware} \ \mathsf{software}$
 - \hookrightarrow (Encrypted) backup of your laptop
- Secure access credentials
 - \hookrightarrow Consider using a password manager
 - \hookrightarrow Use 2FA when possible (authenticator better than SMS)
- Follow policies of your institute and the UL!



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Best practices for you

On ULHPC

- Double-check permissions on your \$HOME and \$SCRATCH folders
- Secure your SSH key with a passphrase
- Empty /tmp at the end of the job
- Reserve a full node
- Store your data on iris (SED)
- Mind backups
- Encrypt your files



37 / 47

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- Basic approach: GPG
 - $\, \hookrightarrow \, \, {\sf Encrypt \ single \ files}$
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Files need to be completely decrypted for processing
- More convenient: gocryptfs
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Encrypt all files within a folder
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Can be mounted in a view folder where you can read and write the unencrypted files
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Automatically unmounted upon job termination

• For LCSB: PetaSuite Protect

- $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Encrypt and compress genomic data
- $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Encryption keys and access managed centrally
- $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Decryption and decompression on-the-fly using a library that intercepts all FS access
- $\, \hookrightarrow \ \, {\sf Commercial \ software}$
- $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Contact lcsb.software@uni.lu if you would like to use it
- In git repositories: git-crypt



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GPG encryption

Encrypt a single file (will ask for a passphrase):

gpg -c file_to_be_encrypted

Data security

Decrypt the file:

gpg encrypted_file

Instead of using a passphrase, you can also encrypt files using an encryption key.



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Gocryptfs

```
module load tools/gocryptfs
mkdir dir.crypt dir
gocryptfs -init dir.crypt
gocryptfs dir.crypt dir
echo "Happy secure computing!" > dir/message.txt
fusermount -u dir
```

Details: https://hpc.uni.lu/blog/2018/sensitive-data-encryption-using-gocryptfs/



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- Encryption keys and passphrases need to be kept safe and protected from *unauthorised* access.
- Loosing your encryption key means loosing your data.
- Ensure off-site backup of critical data stored on the platform under encryption.
- (Disaster) recovery of encrypted data is NOT guaranteed to be viable
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ depending on internal consistency when the recovery snapshot is taken



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Password Management

Traditional [Strong] Password policy

- \geq **15** characters, including digits, special chars (#,&,@,\$ etc.) \hookrightarrow mix upper/lower case
- avoid matching dictionary/personal/company/dates info
- renew periodically, typically after 180 days.
- Build by selecting words / sentence easy to remember
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ combine them to respect the above rules



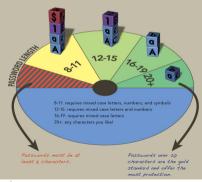


Stanford Password Policy

https://itservices.stanford.edu/service/accounts/passwords/quickguide



HINT: it depends on password length!



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Password Manager

Password Manager

- Ensure a safe and secure way to store/organize passwords
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ privilege random & unique $\,$ passwords everywhere $\,$
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ ideally: cross-platform applications, with browser integration
- encrypted back-end/vault, eventually shared over Cloud storage
 - \hookrightarrow Dropbox, iCLoud, S3, OneDrive. . .





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GPG+Git Password Management: pass

- pass: the standard Unix password manager
 - \hookrightarrow stores passwords as encrypted files default: ~/.password-store/
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ cross-platform GUI clients, incl. iOS/Android / Pass4Win
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ multiple recipient can share a sub-directory
- Installation: { brew | yum | apt-get } install pass

\$> pass init <ID> && pass git init

Create the store over git





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\$> pass insert <domain>/<name>

store <domain>/<name>.gpg



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Data Management in Practice

Your Turn!	
Hands-on Data Management	► url ◄ github src
 Access to ULHPC facility Check [inodes] quotas Compute and verify data checksum 	ss] df-ulhpc [-i sha256su
 Encrypt and decrypt files or directories → using GPG → using Gocryptfs 	gpg gocryptf



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46 / 47

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Thank you for your attention...

Questions?

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