

# HPC usage in the University of Luxembourg Soft Matter Theory Group

Joshua T. Berryman, Muhammad Anwar, Sven Dorosz,  
Marko Mravlak, Amirhossein Taghavi, Francesco Turci,  
Tanja Schilling



# Overview

Computational Challenges in Soft Matter

Free Energy Estimation

Reaction Pathways

Methods In Use

Methods And Cluster Usage Patterns

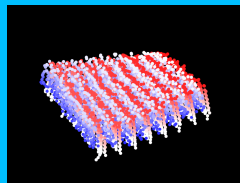
Codes Used

Compilation

Launch Scripts

# Free Energy Estimation

$$Z \propto \int d\vec{x}d\vec{p} e^{-\mathcal{H}(\vec{x},\vec{p})}$$
$$A = -k_B T \ln(Z)$$



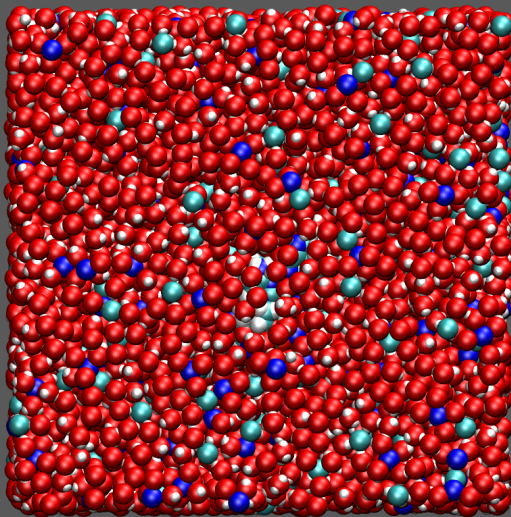
- ▶ PCA to get the normal modes of the dynamics: equivalent to fitting a multivariate Gaussian to  $Z$ .
- ▶ Many, many other methods . . .

Lara, Reynolds, Berryman, Zhang, Xu, Mezzenga,  
"ILOINS Hexapeptide, Identified in Lysozyme  
Left-Handed Helical Ribbons and Nanotubes,  
Forms Right-Handed Helical Ribbons and  
Crystals." JACS 2014.

# Atomistic DNA in High Salt

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9441  
wa-  
ters

30113  
atoms

$10^{-19}$   
mol. . .

$10^{-8}$   
sec. . .

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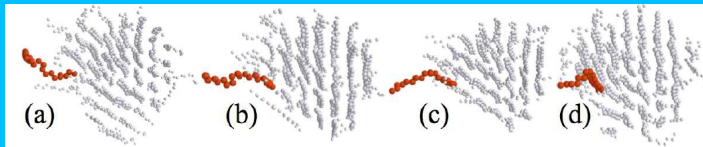
Launch Scripts

Berryman & Schilling, "A GPS Navigator for the Free Energy Landscape, Used to Find the Chirality-Switching Salt

Concentration of DNA" J. Chem. Theory Comput. 2013.

# Reaction Pathways

Free energy is only properly defined at thermodynamic equilibrium: to study transitions in collective behaviour, need to take a view of 'pathways' instead of 'landscapes':



- ▶ Brute force MD (e.g. Alkane nucleation pathway above).
- ▶ Also rare event methods.

Muhammad Anwar, Francesco Turci and Tanja Schilling, "Crystallization mechanism in melts of short n-alkane chains"

J. Chem. Phys. 2013

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# Methods In Use

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Topic	Method	Parallelism	Username	Papers 2013-2014	
Phase Diagrams	MC	Total	sdorosz	Dorosz et al. Schilling et al.	Soft Matter 2014 Eur. Phys. J. Special Topics 2013
	MD	4 cores/run	jberryman	Berryman & Schilling Case et al. Berryman Lara et al.	J. Chem. Theory Comput. 2013 AMBER 14 2014 Phys. Proc. 2014 JACS 2014
		GPU			
Reaction Paths	MD	12 cores/run	manwar	Anwar et al.	J. Chem. Phys. 2013
		Total	sdorosz	Dorosz & Schilling Dorosz & Schilling	J. Chem. Phys. 2013 J. Crystall. Proc. and Tech. 2014
		Asynchronous	mradu jberryman	Radu et al. Kratzer et al.	Europhys. Lett. 2014 Comput. Phys. Commun. 2014

Username	CPU time 2013
sdorosz	195 years 307 days
manwar	128 years 105 days
jberryman	103 years 262 days

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# Codes Used

## Codes:

- ▶ Anwar uses ESPResSoMD, own build. **icc+impi**. Standard 12-core one node job script.
- ▶ Sven uses his own codes. **icc**. Farms groups of serial jobs.
- ▶ I use AMBER, own build. **icc+impi+(CUDA sometimes)**. 4-36 cores. Job scripts to follow.
- ▶ ... group is exploring asynchronous parallelism using FRESHS to act as a wrapper for all of the above.

# Compilation (intel):

As we understand it, best practice *currently* for any code is to use intel compilers and MPI:

```
$ oarsub -l  
$ module load imkl  
$ # module load CUDA  
$ export I_MPI_CXX=icc  
$ export I_MPI_FC=ifort  
$ export I_MPI_CC=icc  
$ export I_MPI_F90=ifort  
$ make
```



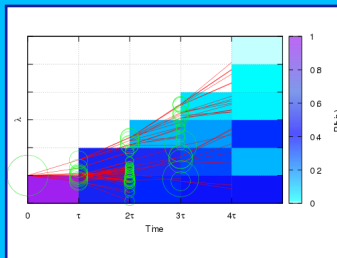
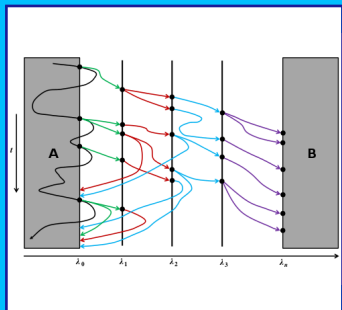
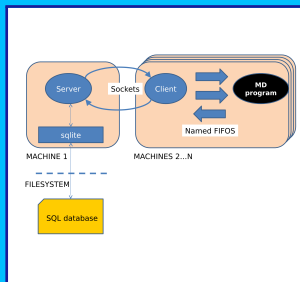
# MPI Launch Scripts

Current best-practice MPI job script in our group isn't very pretty:

```
#!/bin/bash -l
oarsub -l "nodes=3/core=12,walltime=12" \
  ". /etc/profile.d/modules.sh; \
  export MODULEPATH=/opt/apps/HPCBIOS/modules/all; \
  module load imkl; \
  mpirun -hostfile $OAR_NODEFILE $my_exe_name"
```

# FRESHS

- ▶ GPL python application for rare event sampling.
- ▶ Intended as a very open collaboration, currently Kratzer, Berryman, Taudt, Zeman & Arnold.
- ▶ <http://www.freshs.org>



# FRESHS Launch Script

Current best-practice FRESHS job script:

```
#bin/bash

##clip the first and last host ids from the list:
NODES=$(cat $OAR_NODEFILE)
SERVER_HOST=$(echo $NODES | awk 'print $1')
LAST_NODE=$(echo $NODES | awk 'print $NF')
NODES=$(echo $NODES | awk 'for(i=2;i<NF;i++)printf "%s ",$i')

##launch the server
oarsh $SERVER_HOST \
  "python $FRESHS/server/main_server.py \
  -db-folder $DB_STAGE -config-folder $CONF -config $inFile \
  >/dev/null 2>server.log"&

... continued
```

*... continued from previous slide*

```
##launch the clients
```

```
sleep 2
```

```
count=0
```

```
for node_host in $NODES
```

```
do
```

```
  oarsh "$node_host" \  
    "nice python $FRESHHS/client/main_client.py --server $SERVER_HOST \  
      >client$count.log 2>&1" &
```

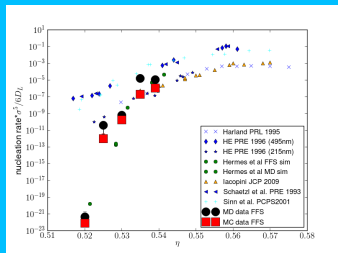
```
    count=$((count + 1))
```

```
done
```

```
oarsh "$LAST_NODE" \  
  "nice python $FRESHHS/client/main_client.py --server $SERVER_HOST \  
    >client$count.log 2>&1"
```

# FRESHS Load Types

## FRESHS Hard-Sphere Nucleation calculation by Sven:



- ▶ Usage on ganglia:  $\approx 10\%$  on 1 node. Code spends most of its time in comms or blocking waits.
- ▶ Time to run:  $\approx 1$  day.
- ▶ Time to run by brute force: never.

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# FRESHS Load Types

FRESHS calculations can be compute-bound, comms-bound or i/o-bound (SPRES).

- ▶ compute-bound: haven't yet observed this.
- ▶ comms-bound: FFS, typically.
- ▶ i/o bound: SPRES, typically.

The best strategy for i/o bound calculations so far has been to save to node-local SSD drives, then compress-and-move to project directories as a background process.

The whole thing has been complicated by NFS and Lustre bugs, as we were apparently the first people to stress the filesystems.

# CUDA Performance and Constraints

- ▶ AMBER
  - ▶ Basic features only are available so far.
  - ▶  $\approx 10\times$  speedup for (1 core + 1 GPU) vs. (12 cores).
  - ▶ Memory limitations:  $\approx 30k$  atoms. Cards have approx 6GB (vs. 24GB for nodes) so this is odd.
- ▶ ESPResSoMD:
  - ▶ advanced features only are available so far. . .